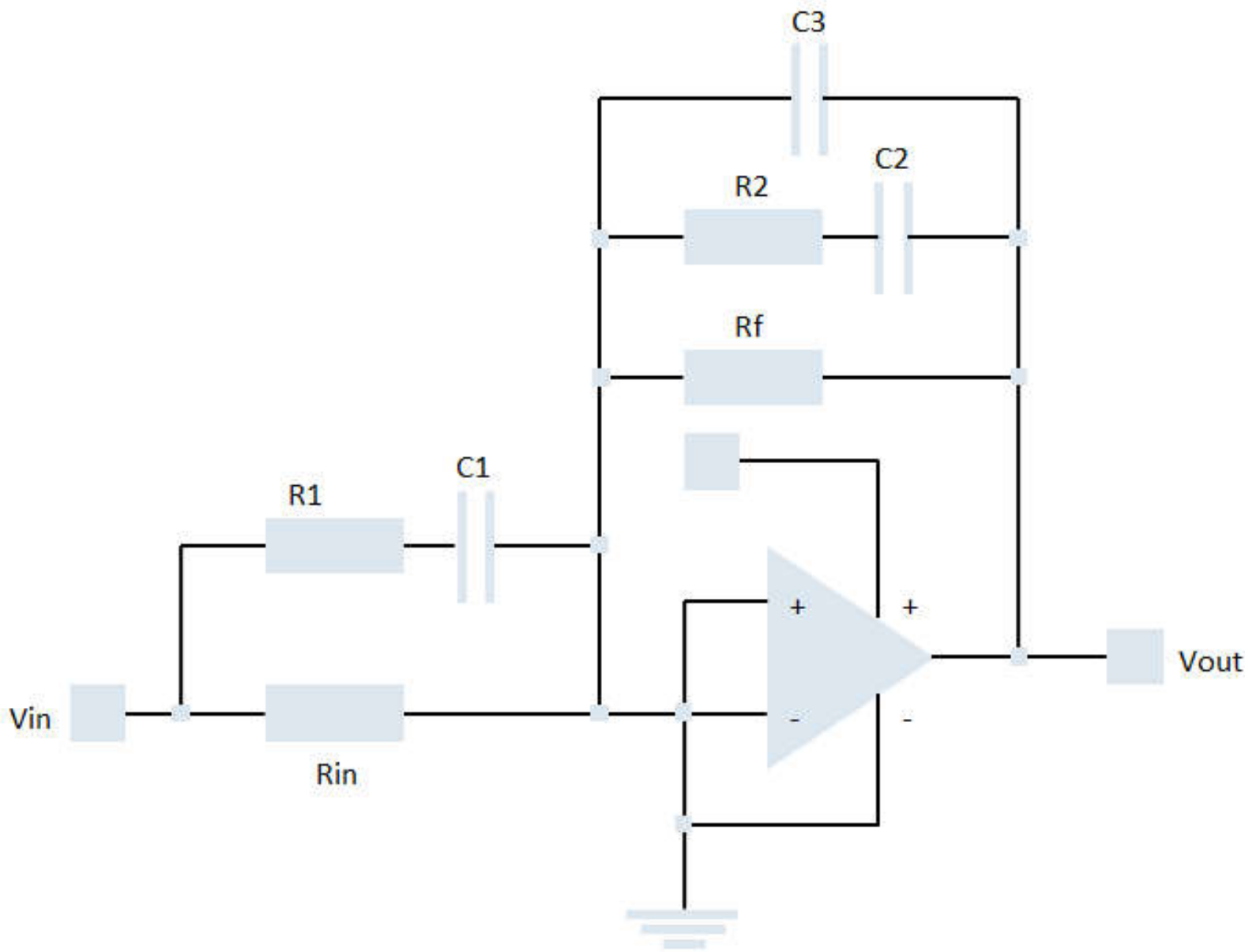


# Amplifier Gain

## ▼ Introduction

In this application, we will plot the gain of the following amplifier circuit, for both the ideal and non-ideal response



```
> restart :  
with( DynamicSystems ) :  
with( plots ) :
```

## ▼ Parameters

```
> R1 := 1000 :  
C1 := 10-7 :  
Rin := 1000 :  
C3 := 4.7 · 10-8 :  
R2 := 1000 :  
C2 := 4.70 · 10-7 :
```

$$R_f := 10^{102} :$$

Amplifier bandwidth factors

$$> \text{GBP} := 10^6 :$$

$$> \text{LPF} := 300 :$$

## ▼ Support Function

$$> \parallel := (Z1, Z2) \rightarrow \frac{Z1 \cdot Z2}{Z1 + Z2} :$$

## ▼ Transfer functions

$$> Z_1 := R_1 + \frac{1}{s \cdot C_1} :$$

$$> Z_2 := R_2 + \frac{1}{s \cdot C_2} :$$

$$> Z_{In} := \parallel(R_{In}, Z_1) :$$

$$> \text{factor}(Z_{In})$$

$$\frac{500 (s + 10000)}{s + 5000}$$

(4.1)

$$> Z_{fb} := \parallel\left(R_f \parallel\left(Z_2, \frac{1}{s \cdot C_3}\right)\right) :$$

Ideal Amplifier Gain

$$> G_{EAideal} := \text{factor}\left(\frac{Z_{fb}}{Z_{In}}\right)$$

$$G_{EAideal} := \frac{42553.19148 (s + 2127.659574) (s + 5000.)}{(s + 1.934235977 \cdot 10^{-96}) (s + 23404.25531) (s + 10000.)}$$

(4.2)

Nonideal Op-Amp effects: Finite open loop gain

$$> \beta := \frac{1}{1 + G_{EAideal}} :$$

Finite open loop gain

$$> A_{vo} := \frac{\text{GBP}}{\text{LPF}} \cdot \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{s}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot \text{LPF}}\right) \cdot \left(1 + \frac{s}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot \text{GBP}}\right)}$$

$$A_{vo} := \frac{10000}{3 \left(1 + \frac{1}{600} \frac{s}{\pi}\right) \left(1 + \frac{1}{2000000} \frac{s}{\pi}\right)}$$

(4.3)

$$> \text{simplify}((4.3), 'size')$$

$$\frac{4000000000000 \pi^2}{(600 \pi + s) (2000000 \pi + s)}$$

(4.4)

Nonideal error amplifier gain

$$G_{EA} := \text{simplify} \left( G_{EAideal} \cdot \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{A_{vo} \cdot \beta}} \right)$$

$$G_{EA} := (42553.19148 (s + 5000.) (s + 2127.659574)) / (1.012406241s^3 + 33512.60113s^2 + 2.342758273 \cdot 10^8 s + 1.358080578 \cdot 10^8 + 1.611267141 \cdot 10^{-7} s^4 + 2.53302959 \cdot 10^{-14} s^5) \quad (4.5)$$

## ▼ Analysis

> with( DynamicSystems ) :

> sys1 := TransferFunction(  $G_{EA}$  ) :

> sys2 := TransferFunction(  $G_{EAideal}$  ) :

> p1 := PhasePlot( sys1, range = 10 .. 100000, hertz = true, legend = "Non-ideal" ) :

> p2 := PhasePlot( sys2, range = 10 .. 100000, hertz = true, legend = "Ideal" , color = black ) :

> display( p1, p2 )

